SAFETY DATA SHEET



Wood stain & sealer / Deck & Fences stain/ protector

Section 1. Identification

Product identifier : Wood stain & sealer / Deck & Fences stain/ protector

Product code : Not available.

Other means of : Not available.

identification

Product type : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Protect decks, fences, siding, shingles, etc.

Area of application : Consumer applications, Industrial applications.

Supplier/Manufacturer : Techniseal

300, avenue Liberté

Candiac, QC, Canada, J5R 6X1

Tel: (514) 523-2110 Toll free: 1-800-465-7325 Fax: (450) 633-3035

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: service@techniseal.com

Emergency telephone number (with hours of

: CANUTEC (613) 996-6666

operation)

Section 2. Hazard identification

Classification of the : ▶317 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1A substance or mixture H351 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :





Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.

Precautionary statements

General : P103 - Read label before use.

P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

Prevention : P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.

P261 - Avoid breathing vapor.

Response : P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.

P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 26/04/2022 Date of previous issue : 11/06/2021 Version : 2 1/13

Section 2. Hazard identification

Storage : P405 - Store locked up.

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture Other means of

identification

Eye contact

: Not available.

Ingredient name	Other names	% (w/w)	CAS number
propane-1,2-diol 2-Butenedioic acid (2Z)-, polymer with 2-methyl-1-propene and octadecene, sodium salt	Propylene Glycol	0.5 - 1.5 0.5 - 1.5	57-55-6 191175-18-5
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol carbon black, respirable powder	-	0.5 - 1.5 0.1 - 1	34590-94-8 1333-86-4
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	-	0.1 - 1	41556-26-7
octhilinone (ISO)	-	<0.1	26530-20-1

Ranges if listed above for hazardous ingredient(s) are prescribed ranges. The actual concentration(s) or actual concentration range(s) are being withheld as a trade secret.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First-aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10

minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide

> artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or

waistband.

Skin contact Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear

gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing

before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been Ingestion swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious,

place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 26/04/2022 Date of previous issue : 11/06/2021 Version :2 2/13

Section 4. First-aid measures

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contactInhalationNo known significant effects or critical hazards.No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : No specific data.

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion: No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It

may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear

gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure

mode.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 26/04/2022 Date of previous issue : 11/06/2021 Version : 2 3/13

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth. vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 26/04/2022 Date of previous issue : 11/06/2021 Version : 2 4/13

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
propane-1,2-diol	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Aerosol only. TWA: 155 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Vapour fraction. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Form: Vapour fraction.
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). Absorbed through skin. 8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 909 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 606 mg/m³ 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 606 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 909 mg/m³ 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
carbon black, respirable powder	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2021). TWA: 3 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 3 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable particulate matter. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2021). TWAEV: 3 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: inhalable dust CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 3.5 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 7 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 3.5 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 26/04/2022 Date of previous issue :11/06/2021 Version : 2 5/13

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.

Color : Various

Odor : Ammonia. [Slight]
Odor threshold : Not available.

pH : 8.5 to 9.5

Melting point : -2°C (28.4°F)

Boiling point, initial boiling : 100°C (212°F)

point, and boiling range

Flash point : Not available.

Evaporation rate : Not available.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 26/04/2022 Date of previous issue : 11/06/2021 Version : 2 6/13

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Flammability

: Not available.

Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit

: Not available.

Vapor pressure

Vapor Pressure at 20°C Vapor pressure at 50°C Ingredient name mm Hg **kPa** Method mm **kPa** Method Hg water 23.8 3.2

Relative vapor density

: Not available. : Not available.

Relative density

: 1.01 to 1.03 g/cm³

Density Solubility

: Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature

: Not available. : Not available.

Viscosity

: Not available. : Not available.

Flow time (ISO 2431) Particle characteristics

Median particle size

: Not applicable.

Additional information

Physical/chemical

: No additional information.

properties comments

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability

: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not

occur.

Conditions to avoid

: No specific data.

Incompatible materials

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials and reducing materials.

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 26/04/2022 Date of previous issue : 11/06/2021 Version :2 7/13

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
propane-1,2-diol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	20800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	20 g/kg	-
(2-methoxymethylethoxy) propanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	9500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5230 mg/kg	-
carbon black, respirable powder	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	6.75 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>3 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>15400 mg/kg	-
octhilinone (ISO)	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	690 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	550 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
propane-1,2-diol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	mg 100 mg	_
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
propanol	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	mg 500 mg	-
octhilinone (ISO)	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : Not available.

Eyes : Not available.

Respiratory : Not available.

Sensitization

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : Not available.

Respiratory : Not available.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	IARC	NTP	ACGIH
parbon black, respirable powder	2B	-	A3

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Date of issue/Date of revision : 26/04/2022 Date of previous issue : 11/06/2021 Version : 2 8/13

Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely

routes of exposure

: Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contactInhalationNo known significant effects or critical hazards.No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : No specific data.

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

General : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed

to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of

exposure.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
propane-1,2-diol	20000	20800	N/A	N/A	N/A
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol	5230	9500	N/A	N/A	N/A
carbon black, respirable powder	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	6.75
octhilinone (ISO)	550	690	N/A	3	N/A

Date of issue/Date of revision : 26/04/2022 Date of previous issue : 11/06/2021 Version : 2 9/13

Section 11. Toxicological information

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
propane-1,2-diol	Acute EC50 >110 ppm Fresh water Acute LC50 1020000 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia	48 hours 48 hours
	Acute LC50 710000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
(2-methoxymethylethoxy) propanol	Acute EC50 >969 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Poecilia reticulata	96 hours
	Acute NOEC 969 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
carbon black, respirable powder	Acute EC50 >10000 mg/l Fresh water	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 37.563 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute NOEC >10000 mg/l Fresh water	Algae	72 hours
octhilinone (ISO)	Acute EC50 107 ppb Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 47 ppb Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 74 ppb Fresh water Chronic NOEC 8.5 ppb	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Pimephales promelas	21 days 35 days

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
propane-1,2-diol	OECD 301F Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test	98.3 % - Readily - 28 days	100 mg/l DOC	-
(2-methoxymethylethoxy) propanol	OECD 301 F 301F Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test	96 % - Readily - 28 days	79.5 mg/l	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
propane-1,2-diol (2-methoxymethylethoxy) propanol	-		Readily Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Date of issue/Date of revision : 26/04/2022 Date of previous issue : 11/06/2021 Version : 2 10/13

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
propane-1,2-diol	-1.07	-	low
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)	0.004	-	low
propanol octhilinone (ISO)	2.45	-	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	TDG Classification	DOT Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available.

to IMO instruments

Date of issue/Date of revision : 26/04/2022 Date of previous issue : 11/06/2021 Version :2 11/13

Section 15. Regulatory information

Canadian lists

Canadian NPRI : The following components are listed: other glycol ethers and acetates (and their

isomers)

CEPA Toxic substances : None of the components are listed.

Canada inventory : Not determined.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

History

Date of issue/Date of

revision

: 26/04/2022

Date of previous issue : 11/06/2021

Version : 2

Prepared by : Sphera Solutions

Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

HPR = Hazardous Products Regulations IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available UN = United Nations

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2	Calculation method Calculation method
o, it controlled the category 2	- Calculation motified

References : HPR = Hazardous Products Regulations

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

Date of issue/Date of revision : 26/04/2022 Date of previous issue : 11/06/2021 Version : 2 12/13

Section 16. Other information

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 26/04/2022 Date of previous issue :11/06/2021 Version : 2 13/13