SAFETY DATA SHEET



Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier :

Document product code

Other means of identification

: Not available.

Product type : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses :

Supplier/Manufacturer

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)

.

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms







Signal word : Danger

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements

- : H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.
 - H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
 - H315 Causes skin irritation.
 - H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
 - H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention

- : P280 Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.
 - P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition
 - sources. No smoking.
 - P241 Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment.
 - P242 Use only non-sparking tools.
 - P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
 - P233 Keep container tightly closed.
 P273 Avoid release to the environment.
 P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Response

- : P301 + P310 + P331 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or
 - physician. Do NOT induce vomiting.
 - P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated
 - clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.
 - P302 + P352 + P362+P364 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off
 - contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
 - P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention.
 - P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.
 - Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
 - P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

Storage

- : P405 Store locked up.
 - P403 Store in a well-ventilated place.
 - P235 Keep cool.

Disposal

- : P501 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national
 - and international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise

classified

: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

Mixture

Other means of identification

: Not available.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Aluminium powder (stabilized)	≥10 - ≤25	7429-90-5
Xylene	≥10 - ≤25	1330-20-7
Nepheline syenite	≥10 - <20	37244-96-5
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	≥10 - <25	64742-47-8
Lubricating oils, used, residues	≥1 - ≤2.8	129893-17-0

United States: The exact percentage (concentration) in the composition has been withheld as a trade secret in accordance with paragraph (i) of §1910.1200.

Canada: The exact percentage (concentration) in the composition has been withheld as a trade secret in accordance with the amended HPR as of April 2018.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.



Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower **Eye contact** eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 20

minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not

breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial

respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical

attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar,

tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes.

Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before

reuse.

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth Ingestion

> with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical

attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar,

tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Inhalation

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> irritation redness

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may

be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.



Section 4. First aid measures

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: Do not use water jet or water-based fire extinguishers.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

 Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

United States

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Aluminium powder (stabilized) Xylene	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 10 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Total OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016). TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Al) 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 15 mg/m³, (as Al) 8 hours. Form: Total dust ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017). TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Nepheline syenite

None.

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light

Lubricating oils, used, residues

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

None.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017). Absorbed through skin.
TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours.

None.

Canada

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Aluminium powder (stabilized)	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009). 8 hrs OEL: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Metal dust CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 20 mg/m³, (measured as Al) 15 minutes. Form: Metal dust TWA: 10 mg/m³, (measured as Al) 8 hours. Form: Metal dust STEL: 10 mg/m³, (measured as Al) 15 minutes. Form: Pyro powder TWA: 5 mg/m³, (measured as Al) 8 hours. Form: Pyro powder CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2016). TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). TWAEV: 10 mg/m³, (as Al) 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015). TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction
Xylene	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009). 8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2016). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEV: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEV: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEV: 450 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015). STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Nepheline syenite	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015). TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2016). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009). Absorbed through skin. 8 hrs OEL: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid. [Paste.] Color Aluminum like. Odor Solvent. **Odor threshold** Not available. : Not available. pΗ **Melting point** : Not available. **Boiling point** : Not available.

: Closed cup: 28°C (82.4°F) Flash point **Evaporation rate** : 0.7 (Butyl acetate = 1)

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available. Lower and upper explosive : Lower: 1% (flammable) limits Upper: 7% Vapor pressure : Not available. Vapor density : >1 [Air = 1] : 1.22 Relative density Solubility : Insoluble.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water



: Not available.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Auto-ignition temperature : 527°C (980.6°F)

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Viscosity : 300 1/10 mm

Flow time (ISO 2431) : Not available.

VOC = Volatile Organic

Compound

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld,

braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not

allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.

Incompatible materials: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: acids, bases, strong oxidizers.

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Xylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas. LD50 Oral		5000 ppm 4300 mg/kg	4 hours

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 µl	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100%	-

Sensitization

There is no data available.

Mutagenicity

There is no data available.

Carcinogenicity

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Xylene	-	3	-



Section 11. Toxicological information

Reproductive toxicity

There is no data available.

Teratogenicity

There is no data available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Target organs
Nepheline syenite	Category 3	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

There is no data available.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
· ·	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely

routes of exposure

: Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

effects

Potential delayed effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

effects

Potential delayed effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Potential chronic health effects

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.



Section 11. Toxicological information

Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
	30825.7 mg/kg 7885.6 mg/kg 35843.8 ppm
Inhalation (vapors)	42.69 mg/L

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
,	1 0	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Aquatic plants - Ceratophyllum demersum	48 hours 3 days
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Acute LC50 2200 μg/L Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	4 days

Persistence and degradability

There is no data available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling empty containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.



Section 13. Disposal considerations

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List

Ingredient	CAS#	Status	Reference number
Xylene	1330-20-7	Listed	U239

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1133	UN1133	UN1133	UN1133
UN proper shipping name	ADHESIVES	ADHESIVES	ADHESIVES	ADHESIVES
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

AERG : 128

DOT-RQ Details : Xylene 100 lbs / 45.4 kg [13.946 gal / 52.791 L] Nicotine 100 lbs / 45.4 kg [11.876 gal / 44.955 L]

Additional information

DOT Classification : Reportable quantity 628.93 lbs / 285.53 kg [61.828 gal / 234.04 L]. Package sizes

shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ

(reportable quantity) transportation requirements.

TDG Classification : Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous

Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3).

IMDG : Emergency schedules F-E, S-D

Special precautions for user: **Transport within user's premises**: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: Xylene

Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air

Pollutants (HAPs)

: Listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

: Not listed

Class I Substances



Section 15. Regulatory information

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class II Substances

: Not listed

DEA List I Chemicals

(Precursor Chemicals)

: Not listed

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)

: Not listed

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

		SARA 302 TPQ		SARA 304 RQ	
Name	EHS	(lbs)	(gallons)	(lbs)	(gallons)
Nicotine	Yes.	100	11.9	100	11.9

SARA 304 RQ : 40000 lbs / 18160 kg [3932.3 gal / 14885.2 L]

SARA 311/312

Classification : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3

SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	Classification
Xylene	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
	ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Nepheline syenite	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract
	irritation) - Category 3
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
,,,,,	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Lubricating oils, used, residues	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 2

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number
Form R - Reporting requirements	[7429-90-5 1330-20-7
Supplier notification		7429-90-5 1330-20-7

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts

: The following components are listed: Asphalt; Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Aluminium powder (stabilized); Xylene; Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic; Cellulose; Limestone

New York

: The following components are listed: Xylene

New Jersey

: The following components are listed: Asphalt; Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Aluminium powder (stabilized); Xylene; Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic; Cellulose; Limestone; Asphalt, oxidized

Pennsylvania

: The following components are listed: Asphalt; Soybean oil; Aluminium powder

(stabilized); Xylene; Cellulose; Limestone



Section 15. Regulatory information

California Prop. 65

MARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Nicotine, Methanol, which are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Canada

Canadian lists

: The following components are listed: Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light; **Canadian NPRI**

Aluminium powder (stabilized); Xylene

: None of the components are listed. **CEPA Toxic substances**

Canada inventory (DSL : All components are listed or exempted.

NDSL)

Section 16. Other information

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3	On basis of test data
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	Calculation method
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	Expert judgment
AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3	Calculation method
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3	Calculation method

History

Date of issue mm/dd/yyyy : 06/15/2018 Date of previous issue : 04/30/2018

Version

: KMK Regulatory Services Inc. Prepared by

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

